

**MORE LIBERAL METHODS OF TREATING INCOME
UNDER SECTION 1902(r)(2) OF THE ACT**

Section 1902(f) State ☐

Non-section 1902(f) State ☒

- I. For all individuals who are eligible to receive a state supplementary payment under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IV) of the Act, for qualified Medicare beneficiaries under section 1902(a)(10)(E) of the Act, and for working disabled individuals under section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XIII) of the Act, the following more liberal income methodology is used to determine eligibility:

Payments received from the Alaska Longevity Bonus Program are excluded entirely for qualified Medicare beneficiaries, recipients of a state supplementary payment, and working disabled individuals to the extent which the payment does not cause the total gross income to exceed 300% of the supplementary security income benefit rate as established under Section 1903(f)(4)(C) of the Act.

- II. For poverty level pregnant women, infants, and children covered under the provisions of 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV), (VI), and (VIII), and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) of the Act; for qualified pregnant women and qualified children born after December 31, 1972 covered under the provision of sections 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) and 1905(n) of the Act; and targeted low income children covered under provisions of 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XIV) of the Act; the following more liberal income methodology is used to determine eligibility:

Dividend and benefit payments received from the Alaska Permanent Fund Dividend Program are excluded from consideration as income.

- III. For poverty level children covered under the provisions of sections 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV), (VI), and (VII) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX), the following more liberal income methodology is used to determine eligibility:

An income disregard equal to 17 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the appropriate household size is applied if the child is less than 6 years of age. An income disregard equal to 50 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the appropriate household size is applied if the child is age six or older.

TN No. 99-008 Approval Date: 9/28/99 Effective Date: 4/1/99

Supersedes TN No. 99-005

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- IV. For poverty level pregnant women and infants covered under the provisions of 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(IX) and 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(IV) of the Act and for qualified pregnant women covered under the provision of 1902(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) and 1905(n) for the Act, the following more liberal income methodology is used to determine eligibility:

An income disregard equal to 15 percent of the federal poverty guidelines for the appropriate household size is applied, which effectively brings the eligibility need standard to 200% of the federal poverty level.

- V. For working disabled individuals as defined in Section 1902(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XIII) of the Act, the following more liberal income methodology is used to determine eligibility:

All earned income of a spouse that is deemed available to the disabled individual under SSI/SSP financial methodology is excluded as income.

If the disabled individual is age 18 or older, all earned income of a family member that is deemed available to the disabled individual under SSI/SSP financial methodology is excluded as income.

TN No. 99-011 Approval Date: 12/31/99 Effective Date: 7/1/99

Supersedes TN No. 99-008